Compute elevations on the vertical curve as specified and include in your table a column showing the slope of a line tangent to the curve at that station. Also provide a basic sketch of the curves showing G1, G2, L, Station and Elevation of PVC, PVI, and PVT. If the curve length must be computed based on a given rate of change, please show how you calculated the length.

- 1. Given an entering grade of +3.00% intersecting a –2.40% grade at station 46+70 and elevation 853.48. Compute this vertical curve at full stations if the rate of change in grade per station is to be –0.90%.
- 2. On a railroad a +0.8% grade meets a -0.4% grade at station 90+00 and at elevation 100.00. The maximum allowable change in grade per station is -0.2%. Find the elevations on the curve at every full station.
- 3. Calculate the elevation at each half station of a parabolic curve where the grade from the PVC (station 1+50 and elevation 434.10) to the PVI is –6.50%. The grade from the PVI to the PVT is +4.00% and the maximum allowable change in grade per station is +2.625%.